



Continuous Integration & Continuous Deployment -For the new nameserver infrastructures of DENIC eG

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Agenda



- 1. Motivation
 - Short overview about the old structures
 - Problems with the old deployment technics
 - CI/CD
- 2. How to reach the goal Development steps to CI/CD
 - Requirements
 - Developing concepts and the processes
- 3. Implementation in the new infrastructure and the final processes
 - The new infrastructure
 - The final process
 - Deployment strategy check
- 4. Automated tests
- 5. Further benefits / Future plans
- 6. Questions



Short overview about the old structures

- DE, enum and several customer TLDs
- 18 locations
- Nearly 300 servers for DNS



- Configuration via CFengine2
- Nameserver software rollout via CFengine2
- Virtualization via images and XEN (not XenServer)
- Monitoring via Nagios



Problems with the old deployment technics

- Server images are hard to maintain and keep up to date
- CFengine2 is oversized / Migration from CF2 to CF3 complicated
- A lot of manual, decentral configuration (storage, monitoring, server rollout)
- No centralized administration
- Routing control (slow and unreliable)



Consilidated....

- Every change takes a lot of time -For a new customer we needed several weeks – AAAAAAAARGGGGGHHH!!!!!!
- Old processes with this amount of servers not very handy –
- Configuration failures were nearly unavoidable
- Images prevent nearly all kind of server updates because of too much downtimes

And we change our hardware.....WE NEED STH. NEW !!!!!





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- Software defined datacenter ?
- Virtualization ?
- Immutable servers ?
- Hmmmm ?

But in reality for DENIC...

- Infrastructure as Code
- Automated tests
- Possibility to change sth. without service outages
- Staging infrastructure
- Possibillity to integrate updates and changes continously





At 2012 we startet with CI/CD with our registry Misc Misc Services (all others) **RRI/EPP** Mail RRI/EPP Mail Services (all others) blue green Rollout2 Rollout1 Cobbler Cobbler Zabbix Jenkins Zabbix Jenkins CFengine3 CFengine3 Monitoring Installserver Buildserver Monitoring Installserver Buildserver Production prod1 prod2 switch **AKTIVE** after rollout ! Test Testing all new changes, configurations in new builds via automated tests INT Misc Services (all others) **RRI/EPP** Mail Input DEV

Development

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After we got a lot of experiences with the registry datacenter CI/CD infrastructure we knew, that CI/CD technics give us a lot advantages...

- Less outages
- Increased agility with changes and updates
- Improved scaling of hardware ressources
- Do better and automated testing

Good ... so do this for DNS infrastructure and solve the old problems and obstacles !!





Technics have great benefits for DNS infrastructure:

- Reinstallation of a single location fully automated
- Big security increase because of immutable servers, after rebuild possible malware etc. removed
- Automated deployment and testing, parallel installations of all locations should be possible
- Centralized administration platform
- · Implement new server only in database and installation fully automated
- Improved control of nameservers and routing via GUI
- Improved testing
- Improved automation at monitoring

For our customers this would be also a great benefit !! We could react very much faster and implement updates and customers on time !! **Developing concepts**

Questions

- Same tools as registry platform ?
- Which virtualization ?
- How to do configuration management ?
- Which software to control everything ?
- What is needed to connect everything ?



What to do

- Consolidate requirements
- Evaluate and test several hypervisors
- Decide how to want to do configuration management
- Evaluate and test orchestration solutions
- Develop a toolstack

How to reach the goal – Development Steps to CI/CD for DNS

Requirements (the most important)

- Highly reliable and stable
- High cost efficency
- Central administration
- Easy to use, update, test and automate
- Highly automated
- minimized unavoidable downtimes and guarantee of no service outage during reinstallation





The hypervisor decision

- Tested VMware, XENserver, KVM
- Tested for Performance, Cost efficiency, Security

DECISION:

Reasons:

- Performance good enough
- Security better than KVM
- Free, VMWare too expensive

XENserver (free license)



Configuration management

Reasons:

- Has a good Python API
- We need cobbler as installserver, why not as configuration tool
- Cobbler can do configuration templating during installation
- No need for Cfengine etc.

DECISION:

Do it with Cobbler..





The orchestration

- Centralized
- User interface
- Easy to implement, maintain and expand

DECISION:

Reasons:

- Ansible is written in Python, many plugins
- Easy to learn
- Usable for nearly every hardware
- Jenkins is a good GUI with a lot of Plugins

Do it with Ansible and Jenkins





How to connect all tools to a complete toolstack

- Common API
- Maybe plugins, modules, etc. available

DECISION:

Do it with Postgres, Python, netconf

Reasons:

- Tools are all in Python (API) (Python)
- Inhouse experiences (PostgresSQL)
- Netconf: Easy to implement as python module in ansible







Deployment Strategy

- Two possibilities
 - Switch between BLUE and GREEN infrastructure (like registry)
 - Advantage: Building of servers not in environment with current production
 - Serial deployment server by server
 - Advantage: Service could be provided continously without double the hardware costs.

DECISION:

Do it serial, supposing service could be provided with no outage with one nameserver during reinstall. Furthermore double number of hardware in location was not really an option

The final processes

Processes

- Installation (and reconfiguration) of servers
- Implemented automated testing
- Administration of the deployment strategy
- Administration of the infrastructure via Jenkins and Ansible
- Routing administration of all anycast clouds
- Central monitoring and logging



DENIC developed parts of the toolstack:

Nslconfig (Python)

- Edit and read configuration items in database:
- profiles, locations, customers, systems etc.

Cobbler_control (Python)

· Communicates with cobbler api and do all jobs which are necessary

PostgreSQL

• Database for all information, which is necessary to build and configure servers.

Ansible

• Ansible is the logic for all purposes behind jenkins

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Implementation in the infrastructure and the final processes



The final process and the deployment strategy

PostareSC

Controlserver controls orchestration of: Routing, monitoring, installation and tests



Implementation in the infrastructure and the final processes

Deployment Strategy

 Decision with serial deployment was a good decision (Rebuild NSL UK1 15/09/17 – 8:05 am – 8:49 am)



DNSMON



Integration stage rebuilds at least every night

- Integrationtests
 - Functional tests to ensure nameserver could answer all record types we have in our zone
 - Functional tests to ensure nameservice answers during reinstallation
 - Nightly lightweight nameserver software performance tests



Automated tests

- Smoketests (performed by ansible)
 - All server
 - Installed and functional monitoring, ssh, ntp, passwords correct set, defined hardening standards are fulfilled
 - For each type of server in our NSL special tests
 - Check that all necessary processes are running and responding
 - Nameserver
 - Processes: Check if DSC is installed and running
 - Services:
 - Check if unallowed AXFR possible
 - Nameserver answers at every configured interface







- Goals reached !!
 - Central Admin-GUI
 - Rebuild of a location in 45 min
 - Parallel installation of all locations possible because of serial deployment
 - Production-readyness is ensured through smoketests
 - Automated monitoring integration with templates



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- Automation of network (SDN) including automated testing
- Automation of hypervisor installations and updates
- Implement additional monitoring and measurements
- Rebuild location faster
- Increasing test coverage





Thank you!

Questions?

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