The Root Canary

Quantifying the Quality of DNSSEC Validation in the Wild

Project partners

UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.













- Goals:
 - Track operational impact of the root KSK rollover, act as a warning signal that validating resolvers are failing to validate with the new key
 - Measure validation during the KSK rollover from a global perspective to learn from this type of event

Measurement methodology

- Use four perspectives:
 - Online perspectives:
 - RIPE Atlas
 - Luminati
 - APNIC DNSSEC measurement (current thinking: use data during evaluation)
 - "Offline" perspective (analysed after measuring)
 - Traffic to root name servers (multiple letters)

Measurement methodology

- We have signed and bogus records for all algorithms and most DS algorithms
- This gives us one of three outcomes:
 - Resolver validates correctly
 - Resolver fails to validate (SERVFAIL)
 - Resolver does not validate
 - (yes, there are corner cases probably not covered by these three options)
- Side-effect: measure support for algorithms

Measurement methodology

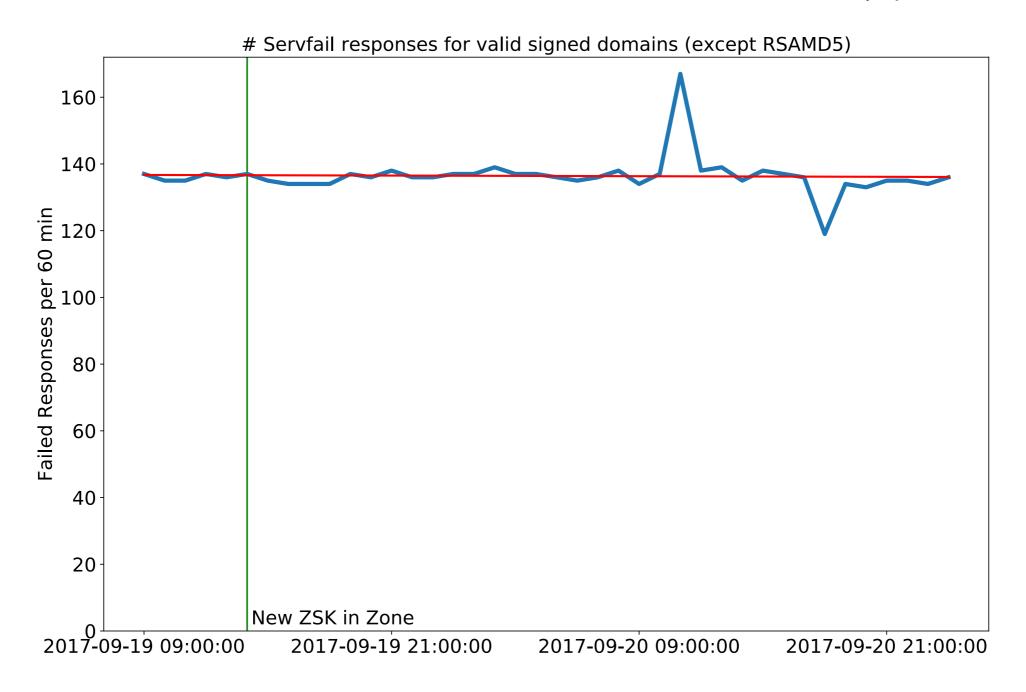
Luminati: HTTP(s) proxy service



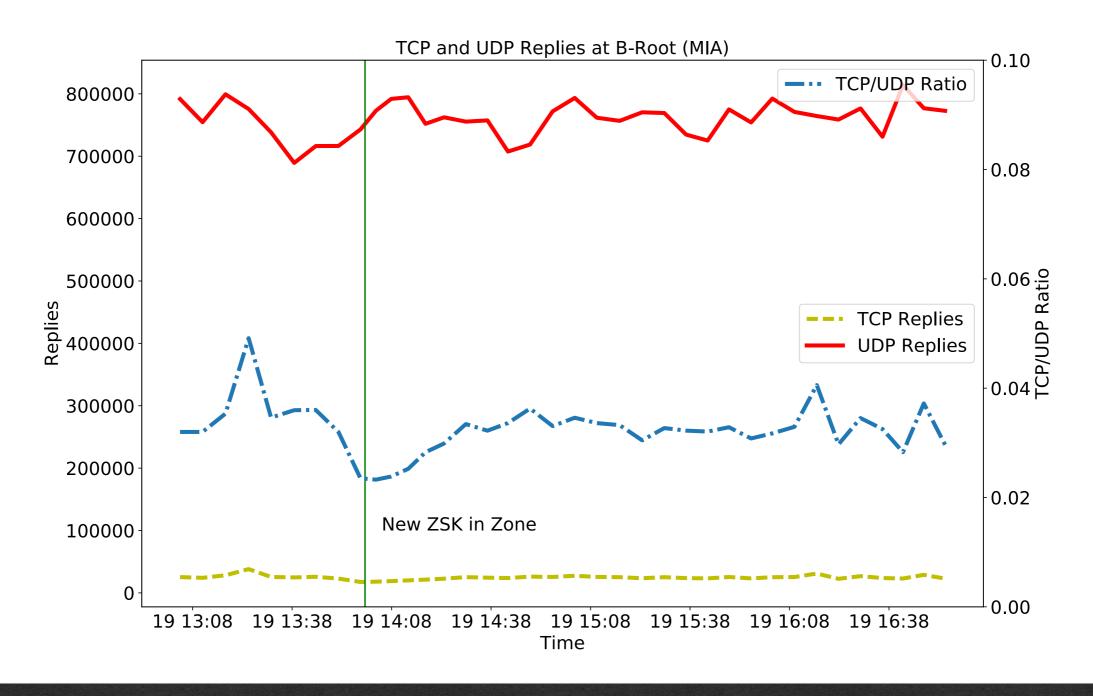
- 2.3 Million exit nodes usually of residential users
 - Allows us to send HTTP(s) traffic via a central Luminati server through the exit nodes
 - This HTTP request triggers a DNS query
- Covers > 15,000 ASes
- Of which > 14,000 are not covered by RIPE Atlas

• Preliminary Findings after 2017-09-19:

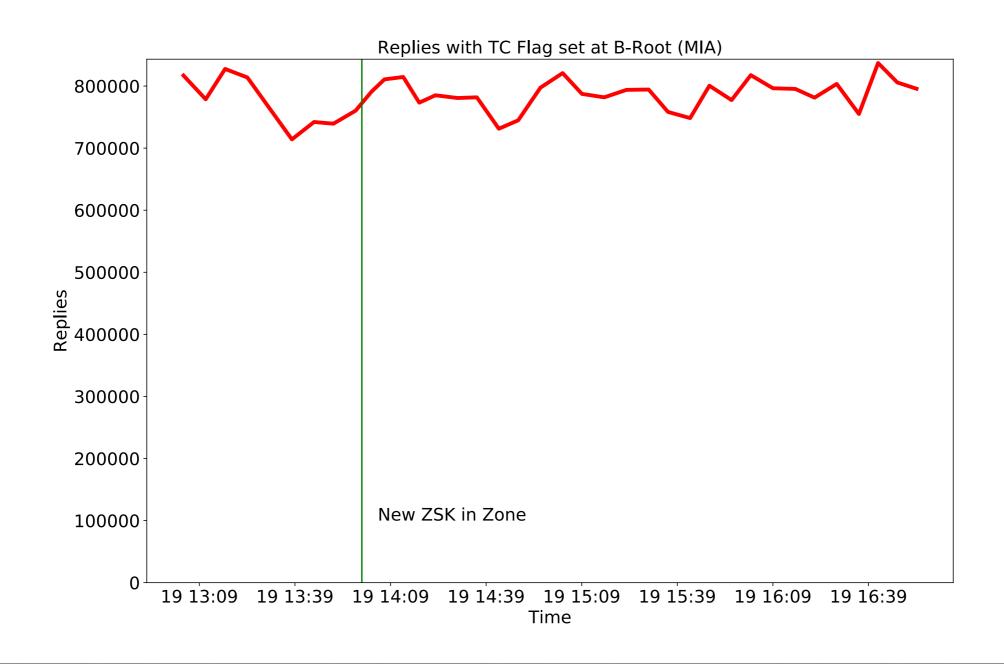




Preliminary Findings after 2017-09-19: Root



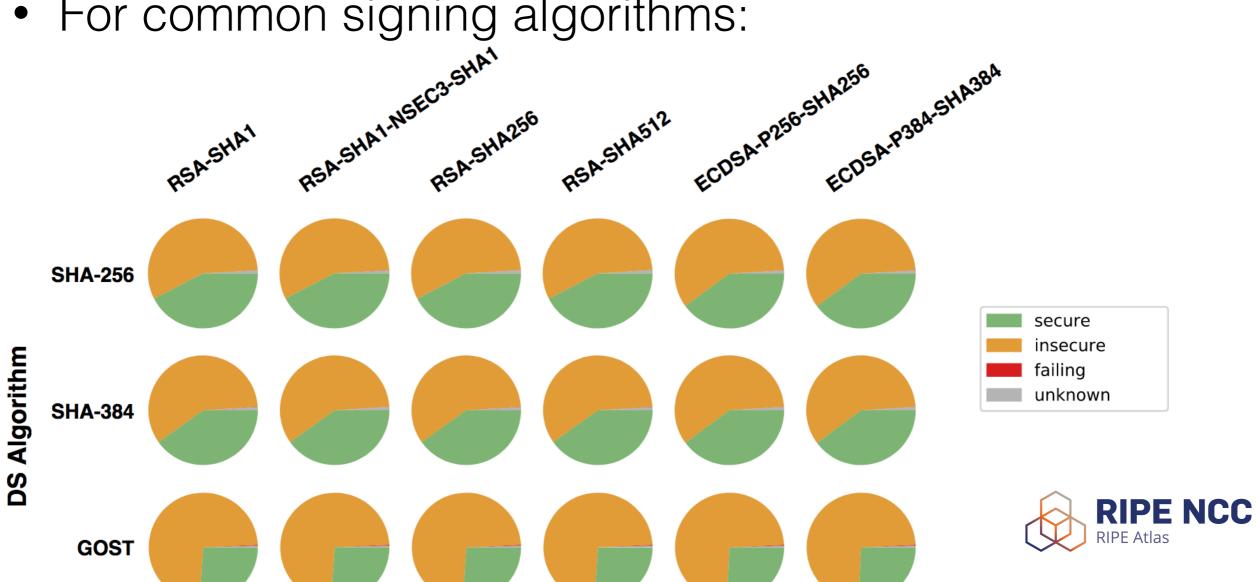
Preliminary Findings after 2017-09-19: Root



Goals - beyond the Root KSK Rollover

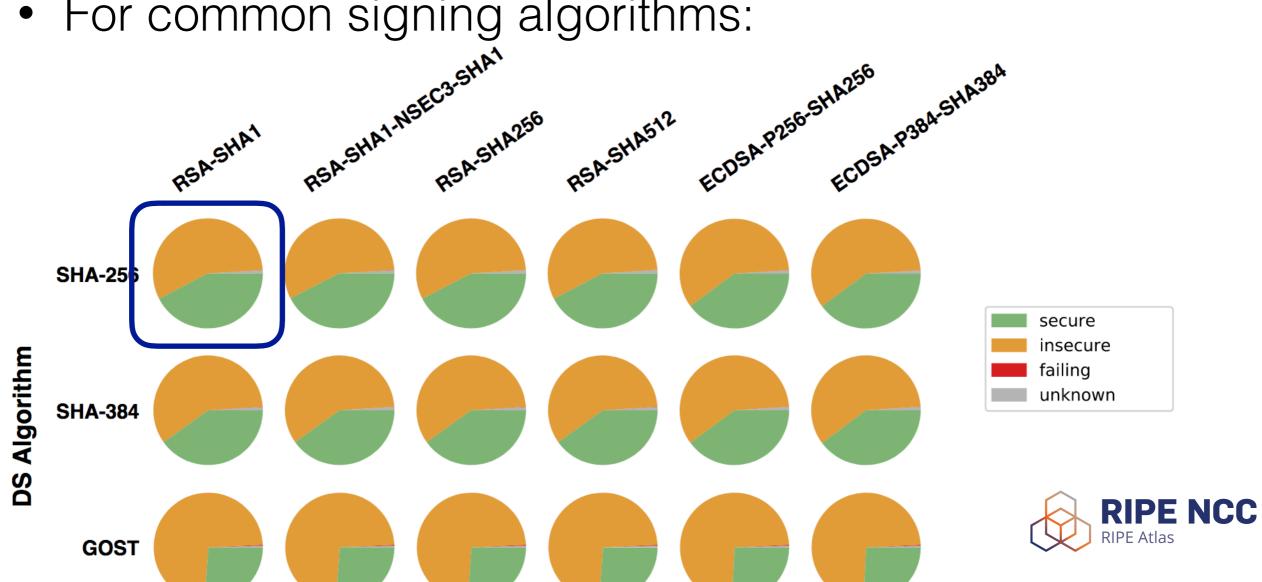
- How well do (validating) resolvers support DNSSEC Algorithms?
- Can we use those measurements for fingerprinting recursive resolvers?
- What happens when signature expire?
- Can YOU help us to improve our ground truth data?

For common signing algorithms:



Last updated 2017-09-21 08:34:28.382542 UTC

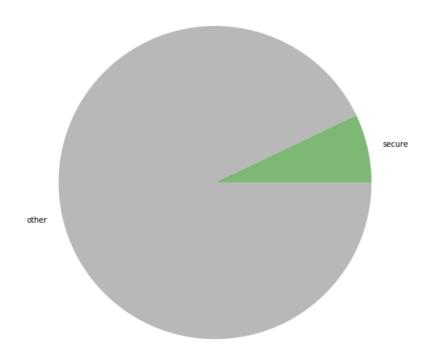
For common signing algorithms:



Last updated 2017-09-21 08:34:28.382542 UTC

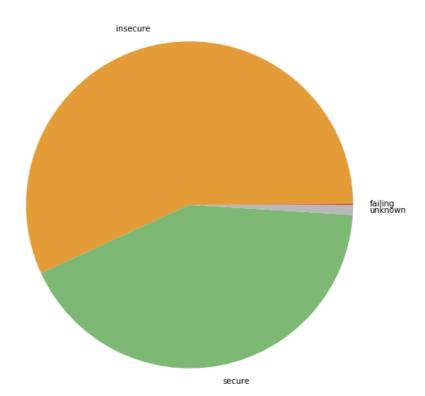
Luminati vs RIPE Atlas: SHA256-RSA-SHA1





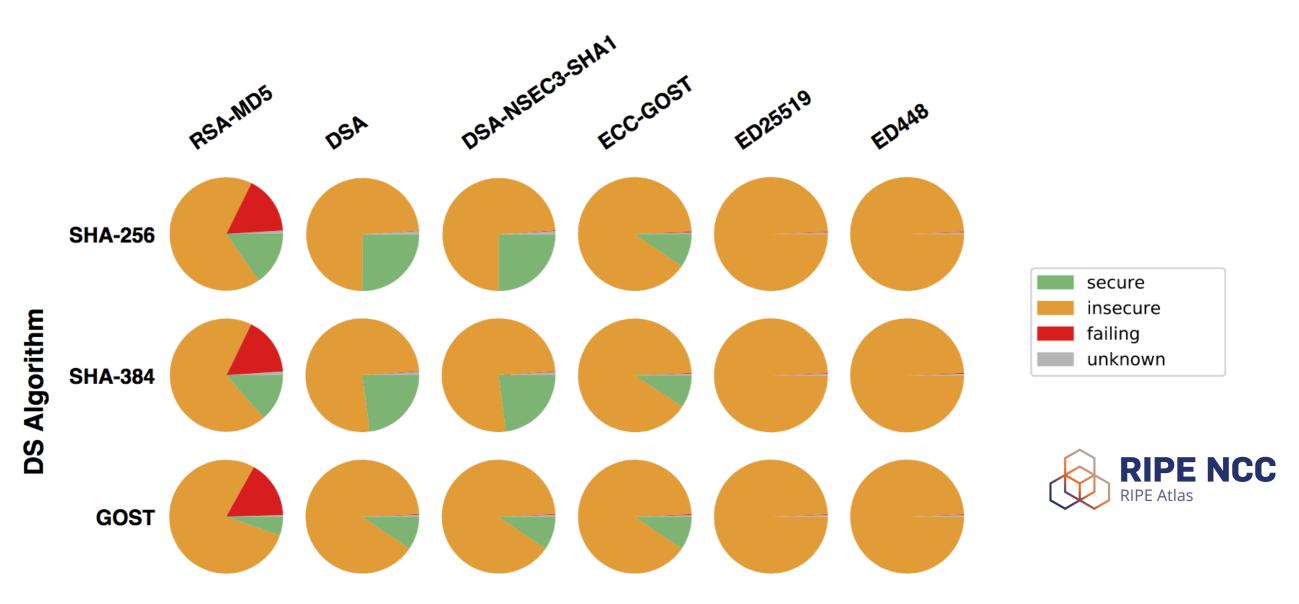
- ~ 13,000 VPs
- 7% validating





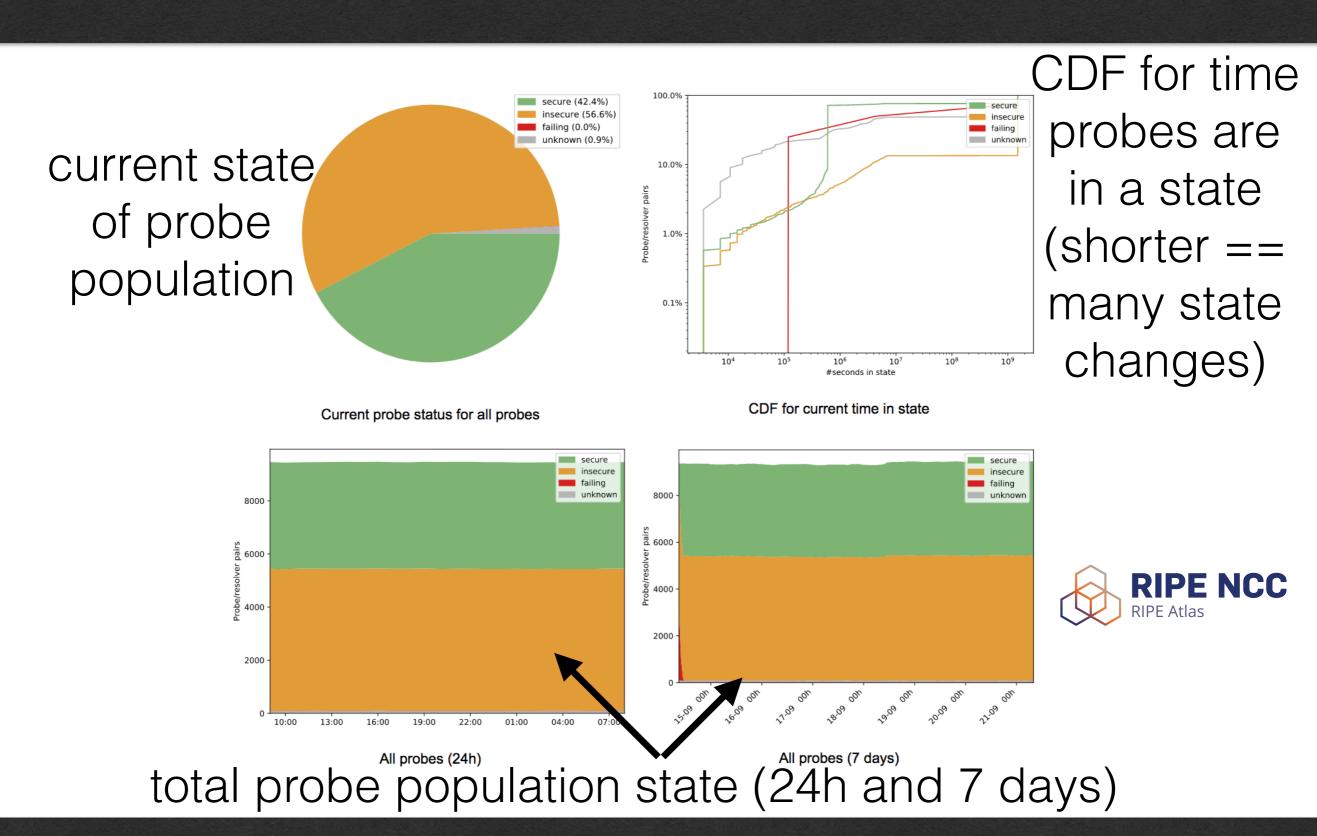
- ~ 9,000 VPs
- 42% validating

For deprecated and brand new algorithms:



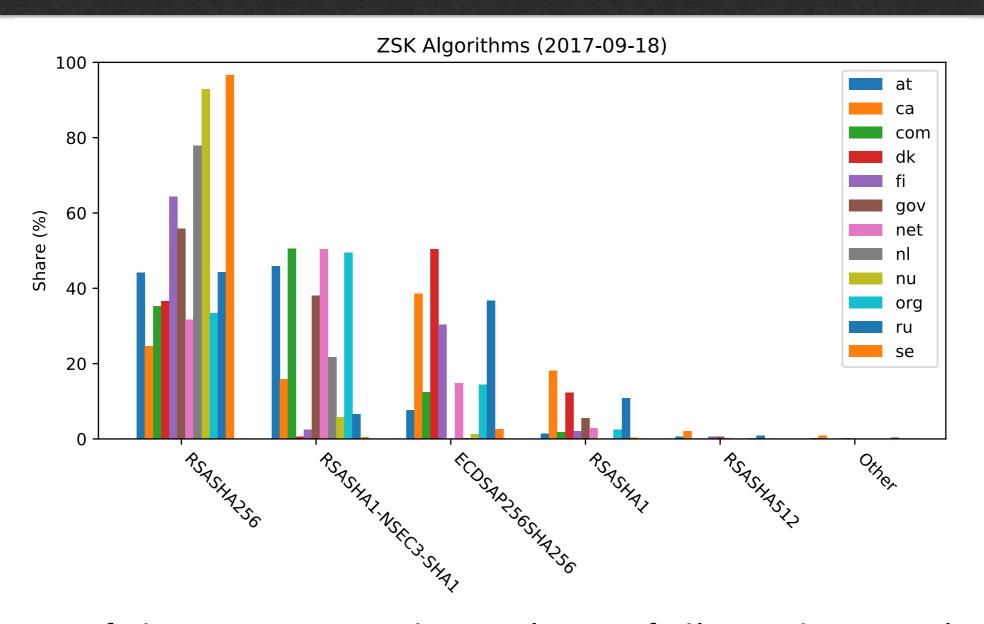
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Details



https://rootcanary.org/

Comparison with Signatures in the Wild



0.1 % of the measured resolvers fail on these algorithms
 Only 13 (!) domains with RSAMD5

- Resolvers don't support the same set of algorithms
 - Can we "fingerprint" resolvers based on algorithm support?
- 4,763 VPs don't validate any algorithm

- ●1319 VPs
- Google Public DNS



- ●398 VPs
- ●RFC 6725 Support



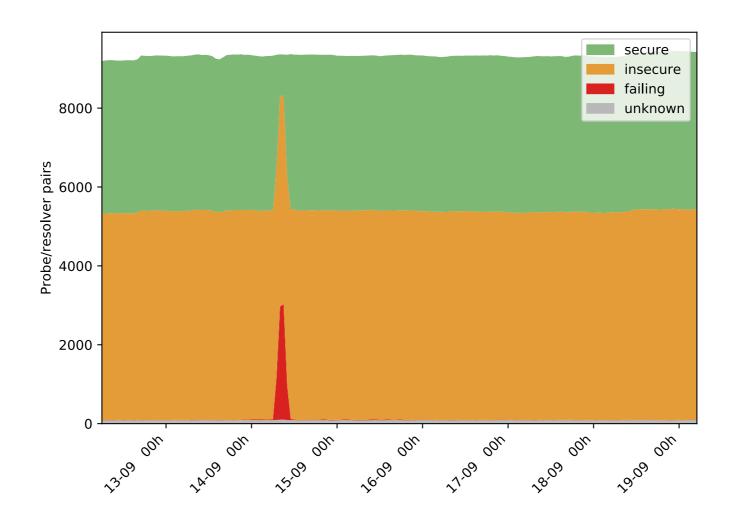
- 702 VPs
- < BIND-9.9.0 (added GOST support)?
 </p>

		RSA- MD5	DSA	RSA- SHA1	DSA- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA1- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA256	RSA- SHA512	ECC- GOST	ECDSA- P256- SHA256	ECDSA- P384- SHA384	ED25519	ED448
JS	SHA-256	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0		
Algorithms	GOST												
DS	SHA-384	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0		

- ●19 VPs
- PowerDNS Recursor or Knot Resolver

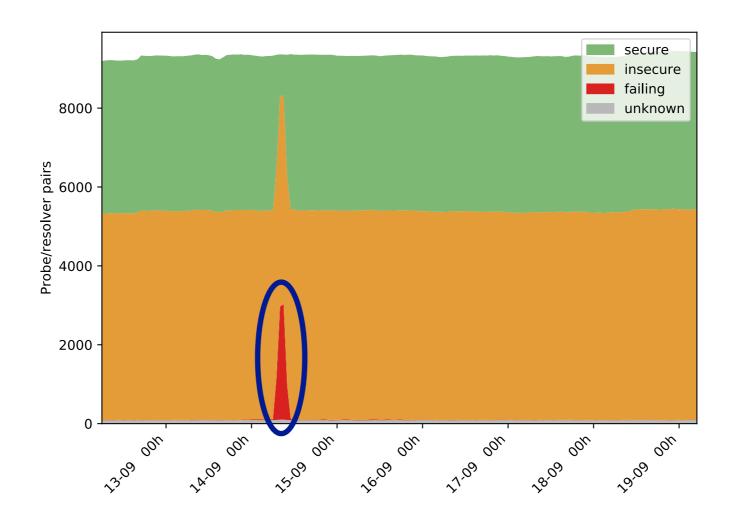


We've messed up automatic resigning

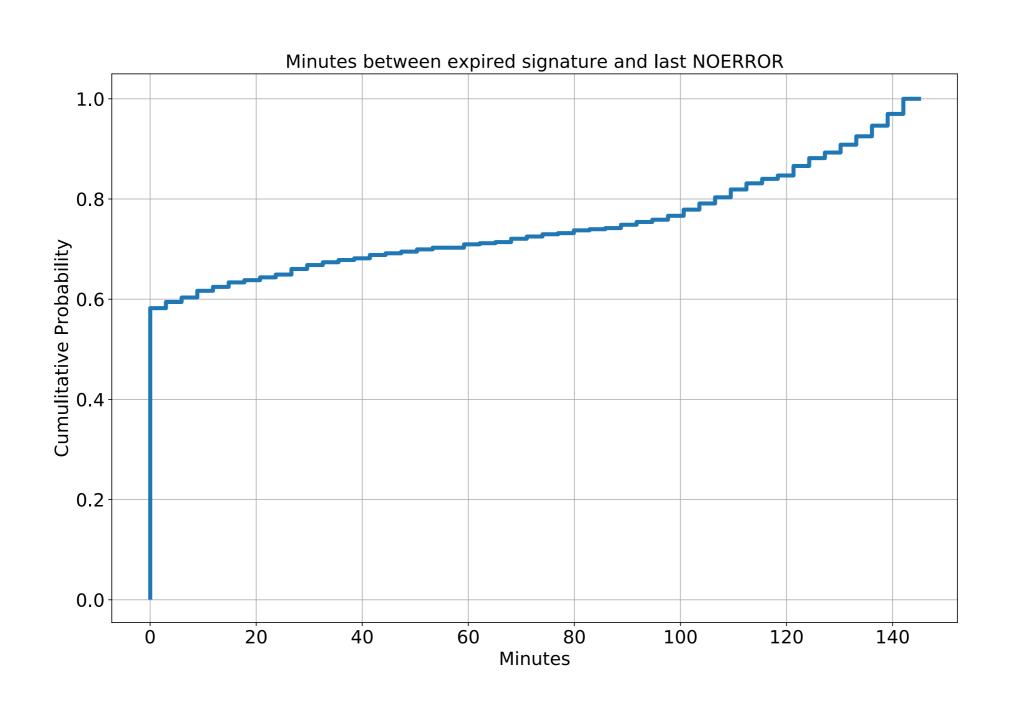




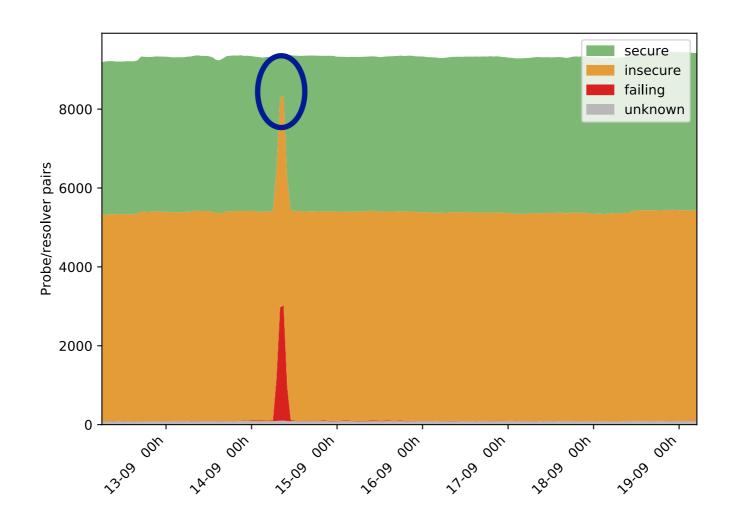
We've messed up automatic resigning







We've messed up automatic resigning





- 552 resolvers keep validating, among
 - 25 of 280 IPs from Google's Public DNS
 - 29 out of 32 from French ISP Free SAS
 - 9 out of 10 from Dutch ISP XS4ALL
- Future work: How long is their timeout?

Improving our Measurements

- Would **YOU** be willing to help us improving our measurements?
- Proposal:
 - Run small shell scripts that uses dig to query our test domains from within your network
 - Using the default resolvers
 - As often as possible (but at least every hour)
- Please come talk to me if you're interested

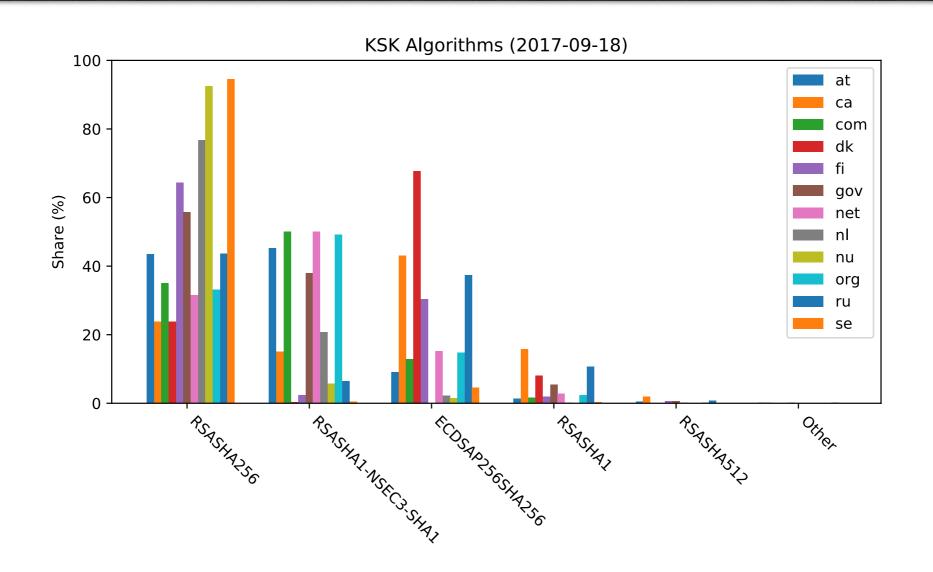
More info

- Project webpage:
 https://rootcanary.org/
- Online algorithm test: https://rootcanary.org/test.html
- Current results for RIPE Atlas-based measurement: https://portal.rootcanary.org/rcmstats.html
- Live feed for RIPE Atlas-based measurement: <u>https://monitor.rootcanary.org/live.html</u>

The Root Canary

Bonus Slides

Comparison with Signatures in the Wild



- 21 domains with ECC-GOST -> 12 in ru
- 1 domain with ED25519 in org

- ●394 VPs
- SIND 9.12.0a1 (added ED448 support)?
- PowerDNS Recursor 4.0.6 (added ED448 support)?

		RSA- MD5	DSA	RSA- SHA1	DSA- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA1- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA256	RSA- SHA512	ECC- GOST	ECDSA- P256- SHA256	ECDSA- P384- SHA384	ED25519	ED448
US ST	SHA-256	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Algorithms	GOST	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
DS	SHA-384	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

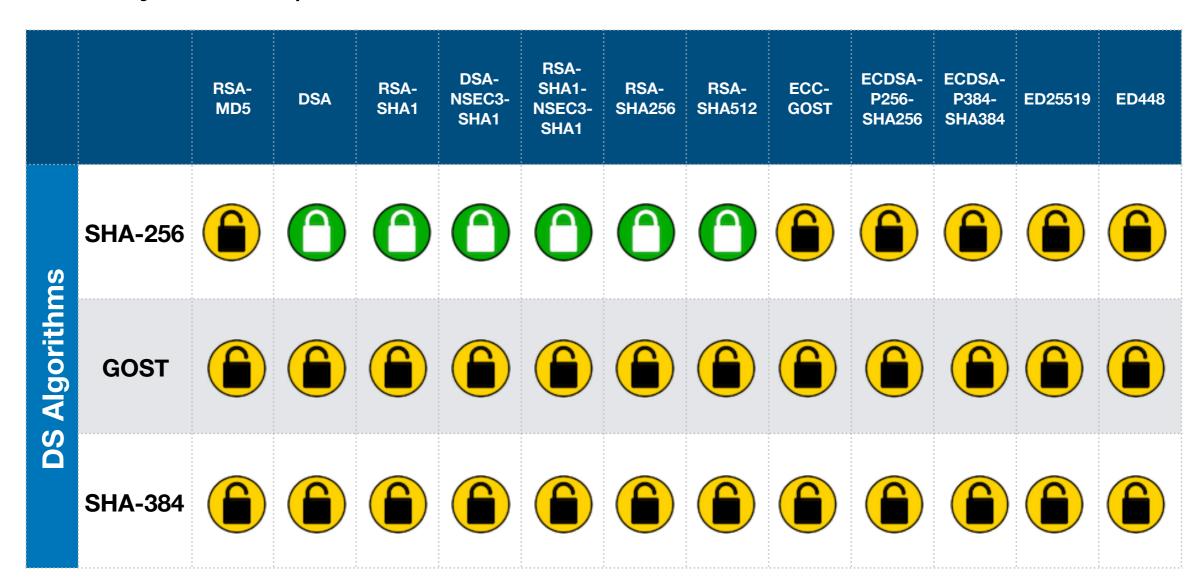
- ●350 VPs
- •>= Unbound 1.4.19?

		RSA- MD5	DSA	RSA- SHA1	DSA- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA1- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA256	RSA- SHA512	ECC- GOST	ECDSA- P256- SHA256	ECDSA- P384- SHA384	ED25519	ED448
J.S	SHA-256		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Algorithms	GOST		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
DS	SHA-384		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

- ●111 VPs
- Unbound 1.4.7 (GOST enabled by default + no ECDSA support)?



- •41 VPs
- Very old Open SSL?



•27 VPs

		RSA- MD5	DSA	RSA- SHA1	DSA- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA1- NSEC3- SHA1	RSA- SHA256	RSA- SHA512	ECC- GOST	ECDSA- P256- SHA256	ECDSA- P384- SHA384	ED25519	ED448
SU	SHA-256	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
DS Algorithms	GOST	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
DS	SHA-384												

- ●14 VPs
- •< Unbound 1.4.7

