

# Sending UDP Responses by MAC Address

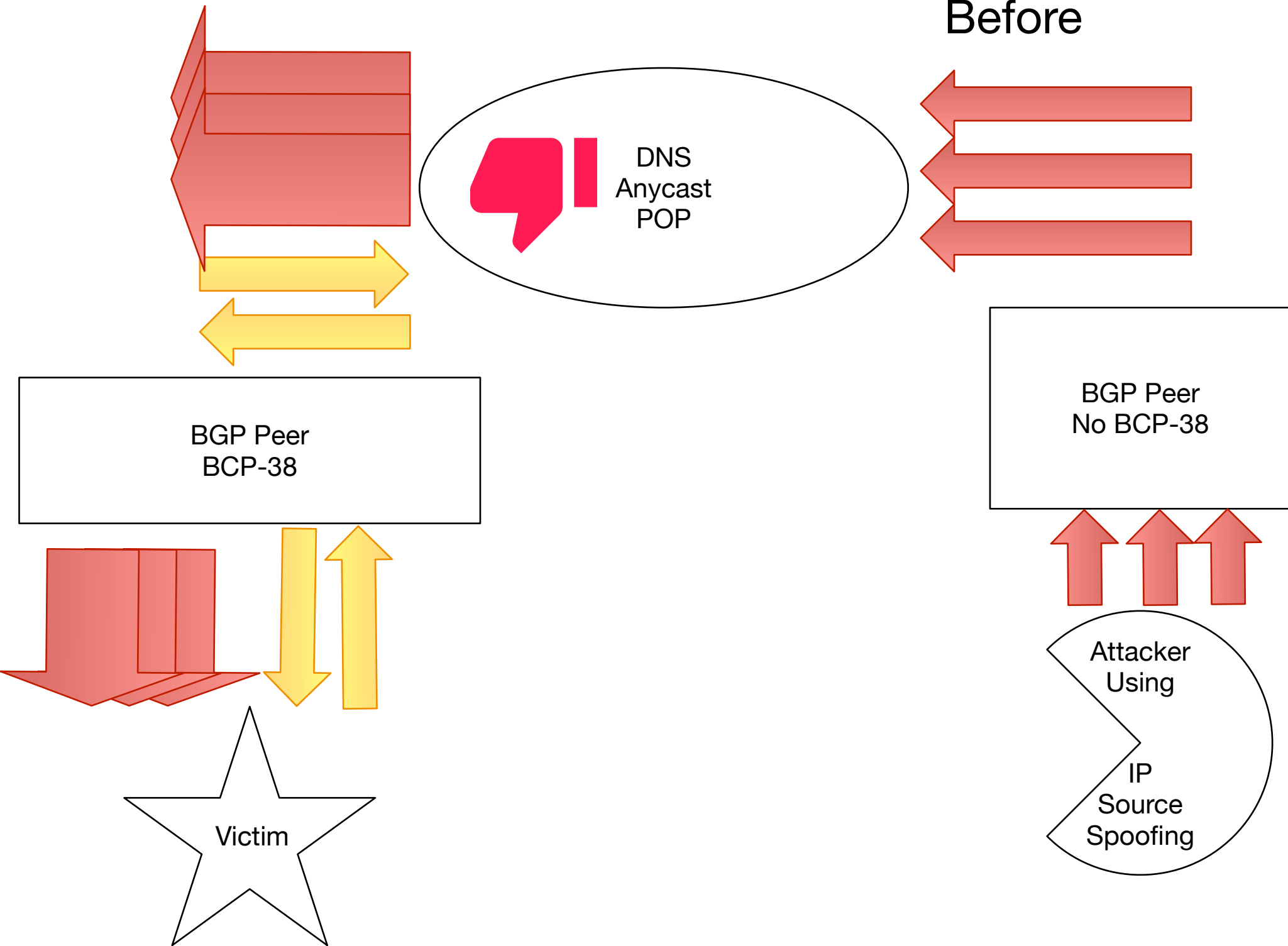
## Before

- Response packets get routed
- Spoofed and non-spoofed queries, have responses intermingled
- Shared-fate: non-victim responses on destination path, become collateral damage
- Authority DNS operators **MUST** be involved in resolving DDOS amplification attacks which use their DNS servers as the “attack vector”
- Not much leverage against ISPs that do not block spoofed source DNS packets

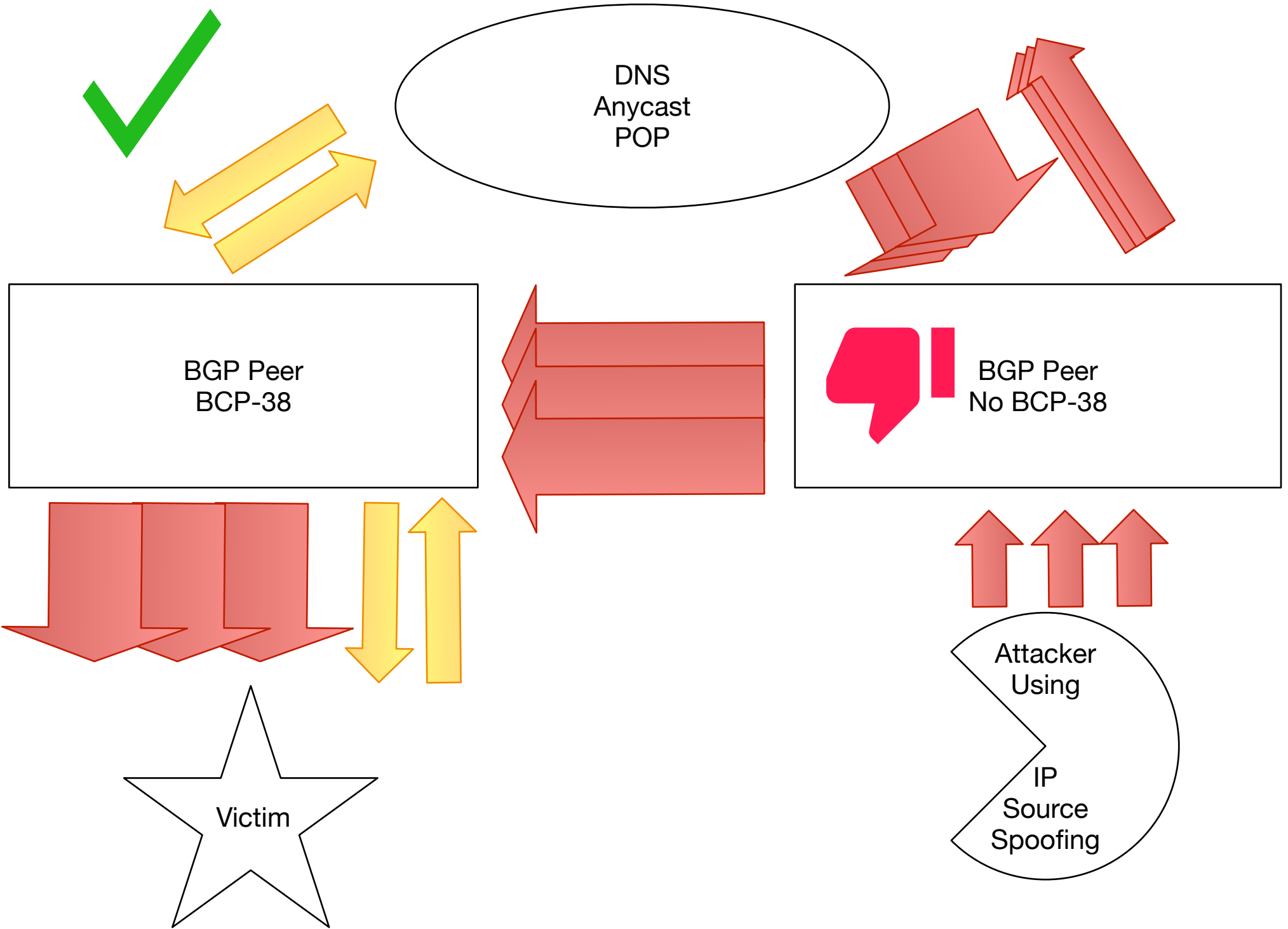
# Sending UDP Response by MAC Address

- Responses get sent back to *original* incoming network
- Spoofed and non-spoofed queries, have responses separated if queries are separate
- ISPs who don't allow spoofed packets, get "clean" incoming traffic
- Non-victim responses on *sending* connection, become collateral damage
- Authority DNS operators NO LONGER need to be involved in resolving DDOS attacks
- Victim ISP sees attack traffic coming from the "bad" ISP that allows the spoofed packets
- Strong pressure against ISPs that do not block spoofed source DNS packets

Before



# After



DNS  
Anycast  
POP

BGP Peer  
BCP-38

BGP Peer  
No BCP-38

Victim

Attacker  
Using

IP  
Source  
Spoofing